

ASTM E 648-03

Standard Test Method for Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source

TEST REPORT

Client:

Greatmats.com

Address:

117 Industrial Ave.

Milltown, WI 54858

Report No:

3118371SAT-001

Sample Received:

March 16, 2007

(This sample was received in good condition)

Test Date:

March 22, 2007

Report Date:

March 29, 2007

Sample Conditioning:

69.8±5.4°F and 50±5% relative humidity

Sample Identification

5/8 DF

Description

5/8 inch Dense Foam Mats

Sample Preparation

The specimen was tested with a 0.25-inch cement board as a substrate. An adhesive material was not used.

Environmental Conditions: 74°F and 53% r.h.

This Test Witnessed by: n/a

Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc.

16015 Shady Falls Road Elmendorf, Texas 78112

Telephone: 210-635-8100 Fax: 1-210-635-8101

e-mail: www.intertek-etlsemko.com

Test Overview

This procedure provides a way of measuring *critical radiant flux* (the level of incident radiant heat energy on a floor covering system at the most distant flame-out point, reported as W/cm²) of horizontally mounted floor-covering systems exposed to a flaming ignition source while being exposed to radiant heat energy from a panel with approximately a 30° angle from the horizontal. The radiant flux ranges from 0.99 W/cm² at the 100 mm mark to 0.11 W/cm² at the 900 mm mark.

Test Procedure

At least three specimens shall be tested. The specimens are conditioned at $69.8 \pm 5.4^{\circ}F$ and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5 % for a minimum of 48 hours. After the ASTM E 648 calibration procedures, the specimen is loaded into the test chamber. After a 5 minute pre-heat time, the pilot flame is placed on top of the specimen at the 0 mm mark. This pilot flame is to remain in contact with the specimen for 5 minutes, then removed. If the specimen does not propagate flame within 5 minutes following pilot burner flame application, the test is terminated. For specimens that do propagate flame, the test is continued until the flame goes out. The distance to the farthest flame-out point is noted, which is then used to determine the critical radiant flux, based on a radiant heat energy flux profile curve of the apparatus obtained during the calibration.

Test Results

Specimen	1	2	3
Maximum Distance (mm)	145	611	238
Time to Max. Distance (min.)	19.7	17.4	18.0
Critical Radiant Flux (W/cm ²)	1.01	0.24	0.83
Time to All Flame Out(min.)	23.3	29.3	24.0

Observations (min: sec)

Run No.	Smoking	Discolored	Ignition
1	0:09	0:46	5:03
2	0:09	0:42	5:01
3	0:08	0:44	5:03

The average critical flux was 0.69 cm² and the standard deviation was 0.40.

The coefficient of variation was 58.46.



This report is for the exclusive use of Intertek's Client and is provided pursuant to the agreement between Intertek and its Client. Intertek's responsibility and liability are limited to the terms and conditions of the agreement. Intertek assumes no liability to any party, other than to the Client in accordance with the agreement, for any loss, expense or damage occasioned by the use of this report. Only the Client is authorized to copy or distribute this report and then only in its entirety. Any use of the Intertek name or one of its marks for the sale or advertisement of the tested material, product or service must first be approved in writing by Intertek. The observations and test results in this report are relevant only to the sample tested. This report by itself does not imply that the material, product, or service is or has ever been under an Intertek certification program.

This report contains a total of three pages.

Servando Romo

Project Manager

March 29, 2007

Reviewed and approved:

C. Anthony Peñaloza

Flammability Testing Team Leader

March 29, 2007

